The Public Seed Initiative and Variety Trials

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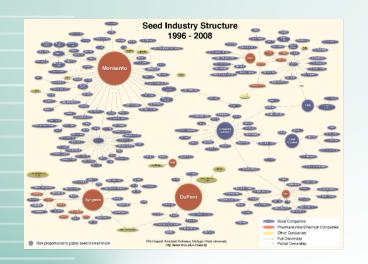
Seed Programs

- Public, Government
- Private (narrow germplasm)
- Artisanal or Informal (diverse germplasm)

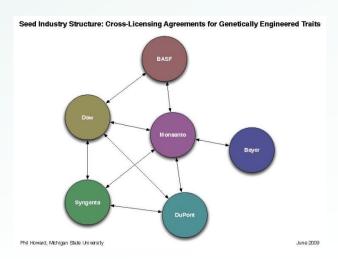
Home-gardening Indigenous Community

Protection of Seed by Seed Companies

- Hybrids
- Plant variety protected
- Patented







Seed types

- 1. Certified
- 2. Parent seed
- 3. Quality declared seed
- 4. Informal sector (among neighbors)

Decline of Public Breeding Programs

- decline over past 40-50 years
- Nationally and in Hawaii
- Land-grant universities shifted to produce 'products' that were more profitable, royalties, patents
- less classical breeders, more molecular biologists

Alternative Breeding Programs

- Public breeding initiatives, participatory models
 eg Organic Seed Alliance & Cornell
- Plant breeding clubs
- Seed Saving Networks

Artisanal Community Production

- Tanzania, elementary schools
- 25 Km from each other
- started with 50 schools, grew to 250, in drought-prone areas
- 1 Ha per school
- 500 kg seed per year
- increased adoption of improved varieties

Hawaii Statewide Seed Assessment

SurveyMonkey.com

N= 128 responses

Farm Size in Survey

- Range= 0-250 Acres
 - Most farms = 1 Acre
- Average size= 10 Acres
 - Larger farms= 250, 195, 75, 10-20

Environmental Conditions in Farm

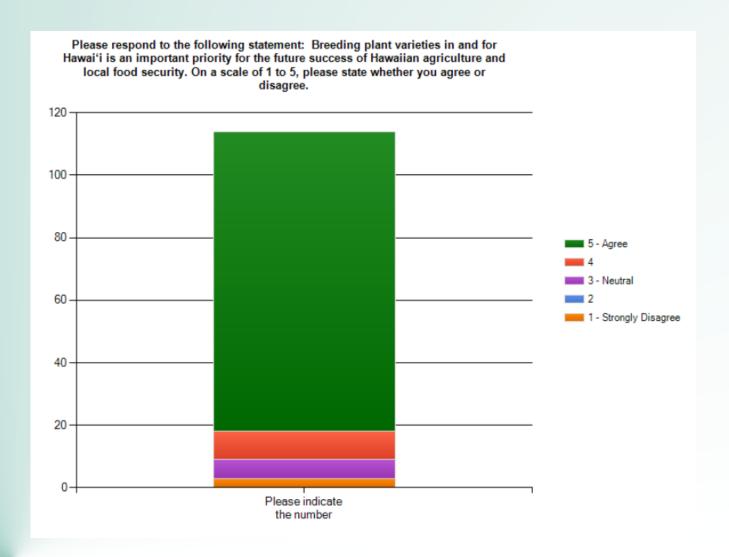
Frequency mentioned

- Rainfall- 9,15, 30.. 100s, 125, up to 180"
 - Elevation- sea level, range 200 to 1000s,

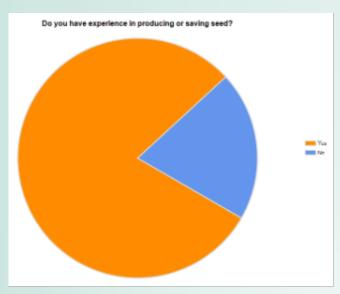
and 1000-3000 ft

- Temperature minimums- 30s to low 80s
 - Temp. maximums- low 80s to mid 90s

Breeding in Hawaii important for Food Security?



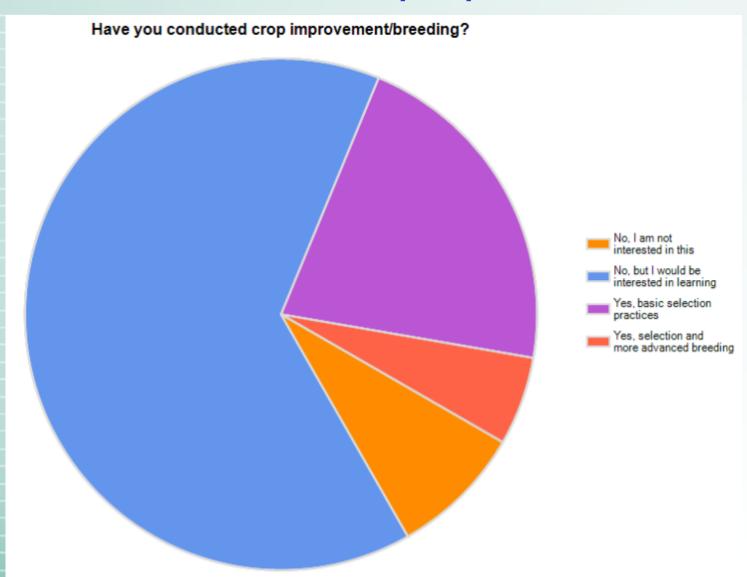
Experience Producing or Saving Seed?



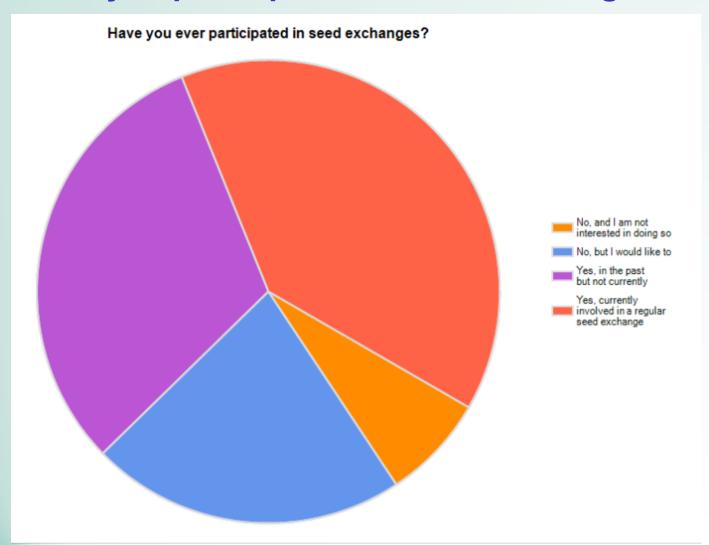
Years of Experience Saving Seed

- Range 1-50 yrs
- Average= 10 years
- median= 5 years
- Less than 3 years=43%

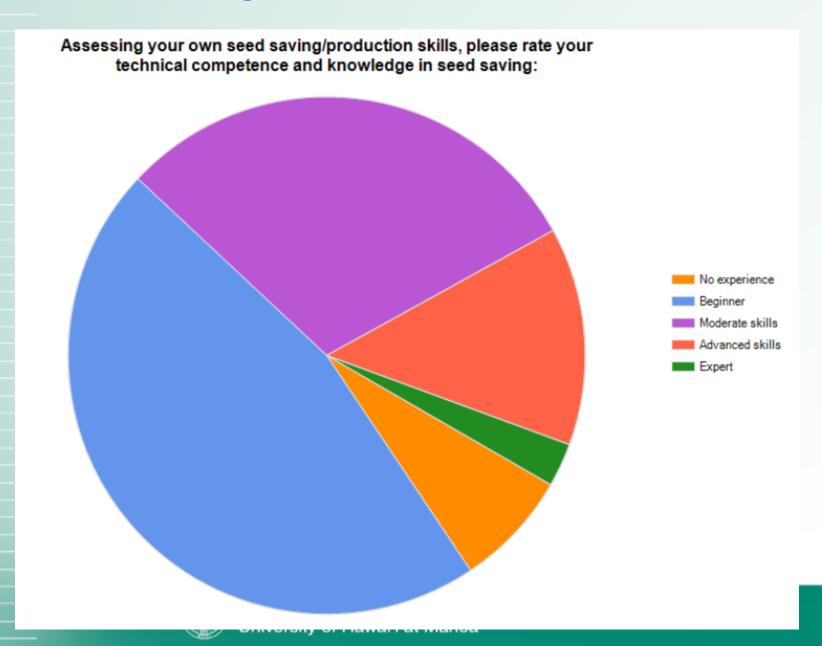
Have You conducted crop improvement, breeding?



Have you participated in Seed Exchanges?



Seed Saving Skills?



Information Needs on Seed Saving?

- Isolation distance (65%)
- Population size (77%)
- Seed maturity, harvest time (76%)
- Harvest guidelines (51%)
- Processing and storing (58%)
- Roguing guidelines (63%)

Interest on Public Seed Initiative?

List of Top Activities

- Saving Seed, personal use
- Restoring seed of Heritage or traditional Hawaiian Crops
- Seed exchange programs
- Attending advanced Seed Saving Class
- Participating in Variety Trials
- Attending class on crop Improvement

Crops, success in Seed Production

Frequency mentioned

- No. 1. N= 46, beans, brassicas (kale), lettuce,
 Native, papaya, pumpkin, sweet corn, tomato
 - No. 2. N= 45, arugula, basil, beans, cilantro, corn, ginger, herbs, cucurbits, papaya, tomato,
- No. 3. N= 54, basil, beans, dill, edible hibiscus, green onions, lilikoi, maile, potato, sesame, tobacco, flowers

Crops, most difficult for Seed Production Frequency mentioned

- No. 1. N= 35, awa, basil beans, pepper, broccoli, onion, carrots, native, corn, cucurbits, lettuce, papaya, lettuce, ornamentals
 - Most mentioned overall: arugula, beets, broccoli, cabbage, carrot, chard, corn, kale, lettuce, onions, pepper, cucurbits

East Side Seed Exchange & Harvest Festival!

Saturday November 26th, 9:30am - 3:30pm

At La'akea Permaculture Community

Bring your favorite dishes using only locally grown food

for the 100% LOCAL FOOD COOK OFF AND POTLUCK!!



ON KAUA'I NOVEMBER 6-7, 2011



Goal of Variety Trials

- Expression of the plant due to genetics or to the environment
- ID varieties adapted to the land (replace inputs with well adapted varieties)

Experimental Design

 Observational (non-replicated) trials: screen varieties, evaluate sources, check trueness to type

VS

Replicated trials
 (results are not due to environment alone)

Population Numbers to assess genetic variability

- Corn 30
- Brassicas 30
- Carrots 50
- Radishes 50
- Tomatoes/pepper 10
- Squash, cucumbers 10
- · Beans 30

(source: OSA Farm Variety manual)

Consistent Treatments

- Growing seedlings
- Transplanting/planting
- Irrigation
- Cultivation
- Fertilization
- Pest management
- Harvesting

Trial Evaluation

- Log sheet
- scoring (index) vs measuring
 Scoring may be more valuable
 and quicker-
- All on same date, scoring system Scale of 1-9 (1= least, 9= most desirable),

Collaborative Research Trials

Hawaii Trial Network, on different islands to compare several microclimates and production niches; trial database with trial network to follow performance on different microclimates.

(Micaela Colley, HI Public Seed Conf. 2010)

- Lettuce
- Tomato

Tomato response to Nitrogen

Heirloom vs New Hybrid varieties, response







Leafies response to Phosphorus



Import Replacement: Romaine Lettuce Variety Trials

Seasons:

Winter, Spring, Summer



Locations:

Oahu, Molokai, Lanai

Seed Source:

Hazera, Johnny's, Nunhems, Orsetti, Rijk Zwaan, Seminis, Siegers, Syngenta, Western Pacific Seed

cv Lital (Hazera)
(Spring, cooler months, light green foliage)



cv Concept (Johnny's)
(Summer Poamoho)



cv Brave Heart (Seminis)
(Molokai, Spring, cooler months)



Bamby (Johnny's) (baby, specialty, cooler?, Waimea)











